CULTURAL IDENTITIES IN THE ENGLISH RESTORATION

DISCOURSE

Olena Marina

H. S. Skovoroda Kharkiv National Pedagogical University, Ukraine

marinaolenav@gmail.com

ABSTRACT

After the dominance of the Puritan worldview which had been imposed on the English for 18 years, Restoration of monarchy in 1660 and the return of the "merry king", political and religious ideologies, social values, and linguistic culture of England underwent crucial changes. The court's self-presentation was realized through the development of cultural production. During the English Restoration theatre as one of the most popular leisure activities and almost a daily practice of "royalty, quality, gallants, citizens and whores" became a cultural institution through which conceptualization in the new epoch took place, a tool with the help of which new culture was reiterated and established. In this article, I argue that conceptualization of the new models of behavior was initiated and performed by the cultural group of 'Court Wits', who formed a circle of Charles II's courtiers and close friends. The Wits' group controlled and influenced the populace, acted in order to represent the power on stage and to manipulate the interpretation of reality. Meaning is always a phenomenon and product of culture. During the English Restoration the Wits produced and established new meanings and representations of the epoch, creating the image of a stable and splendid reign. The emphasis on what is called the 'staging' or 'performance' of monarchy was an important indicator of royal ambitions during the English Restoration. The aim of the article is to reveal the identities of the English Restoration in the dramatic works of the period and their influence of Restoration culture. Based on the methods of discourse analysis, cognitive-discursive interpretation and the examples elicited from the Restoration plays I state, that Restoration discourse brings to live on the stage brand new and transformed English identities both male: an English Restoration libertinearistocrat, a fop and female: servants and bawds, con-artist teams, widows and freelancers, which become the role models and bearers of new cultural values. I substantiate, that these identities reveal the following cultural shifts: English people's reevaluation of social roles of man and woman, husband and wife in a society in transition from one ideological system to another; a woman's struggle to obtain the right to choose a marriage partner; financial and sexual independence of women; superiority of women over men in certain situations; sexual transgression of both sexes.

Keywords: English Restoration, discourse, identity, conceptualization.

References:

Arena, T. F. (2017). Masking the Drama: A Space for Revolution in Aphra Behn's "The Rover" and "The Feign'd Courtezans". Bern, Switzerland: Peter Lang AG.

Barthes, R. (1988). The Semiotic Challenge. NY: New York: Hill and Wang, Behn, Aphra (1995). The Rover.R. Bolam (Ed.). London: A&C Black.

Brewer, D.A. (2016). The Even Longer Restoration. Restoration: Studies in English Literary Culture, 1660–1700, 40(2), 96–104.

- Brockett, O. G. (1977). History of the theatre (3rd ed.). Boston, MA: Allyn and Bacon.
- Canfield, D. (1997). Women's Wit: Subversive Woman Tricksters in Restoration Comedy. In W.G. Marshall (Ed.) The Restoration Mind. (pp. 147–176). The University of Delaware Press.
- Corcoran, K. (2012). Cuckoldry as Performance. Studies in English Literature, 1500–1900, 52(3), 543–559.
- Corman, B. (2000). Comedy. In D. P. Fisk (Ed.) The Cambridge Companion to English Restoration Theatre. (pp. 52–69). Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Dobson, M. (2000). Adaptations and revivals. In D.P. Fisk (Ed.) The Cambridge Companion to English Restoration Theatre. (pp. 40–51). Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Fissell, M. (2017). Remaking the Maternal Body in England, 1680-1730. Journal of the History of Sexuality, 26(1), 114–139.
- Gallagher, C. (1988). Who was that masked woman? The prostitute and the playwright in the comedies of Aphra Behn. Women's Studies, 15(1–3), 23–42.
- Gill, P. (2000). Gender, sexuality, and marriage. In D. P. Fisk (Ed.) The Cambridge Companion to English Restoration Theatre. (pp. 191–208). Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- González, R. S. & Martínez-García, L. (2014). How to represent female identity on the Restoration stage: actresses (self)fashioning. International Studies. Interdisciplinary Political and Cultural Journal 16(1), 97–110. History of Britain and Ireland. The definitive visual guide. (2013). London, England: DK.
- Gustafson, D. (2016). On Getting over the Restoration. Restoration: Studies in English Literary Culture, 1660–1700, 40(2), 83–89.
- Hume, R. D. (1972). Diversity and Development in Restoration Comedy 1660–1679. Eighteenth-Century Studies, 5(3), 365–397.
- Karasik, V. I., Krasavskii N. A. & Slyshkin G. G. (2009). Lingvokulturnaya Konzeptologiya [Lingvo-Cultural Conceptology]. Volgograd: Paradigma.
- Keenan, T. (2016). Restoration staging, 1660–74. London, England: Routledge.
- Lakoff, G. (2016). Moral Politics: How Liberals and Conservatives Think (3rd ed.). Chicago: The University of Chicago Press.
- Langhans, E. A. (2000). The theatre. In D. P. Fisk (Ed.) The Cambridge Companion to English Restoration Theatre. (pp. 1–18). Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Leicht, K. (2007). Dialogue and Duelling in Restoration Comedy. Studies in Philology, 104(2), 267–280.
- Lowenthal, C. (2003). Performing Identities on the Restoration Stage. Carbonale and Edwardsville: Southern Illinois University Press.
- Lukić, A. & Maslov G. (2014). "Did Somebody Say 'Transition'?" A Critical Intervention into the Use of a Notion. Praktyka Teoretyczna, 3(14), 203–223.
- Nettleton, G. H. (1928). English drama of the Restoration and eighteenth century. New York, NY: The Macmillan Company.
- Roach, J. (2000). The performance. In D. P. Fisk (Ed.) The Cambridge Companion to English Restoration Theatre. (pp. 19–39). Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Scouten, A. H. & Hume R. D. (1980). 'Restoration Comedy' and Its Audiences, 1660–1776. The Yearbook of English Studies, 10(1), 45–69.
- Sharifian, F. (2011). Cultural Conceptualisations and Language: Theoretical Framework and Applications. Amsterdam, Philadelphia: John Benjamins Publishing.
- Stanlaw, J., Adachi N. & Salzmann Z. (2017). Language, Culture, and Society: An Introduction to Linguistic Anthropology (7th ed.). New York, NY: Routledge.
- Villiers G., Wycherley, W., Etherege, G., Dryden, J., Otway, T., Vanbrugh, J., ... Farquhar, G. (1953). Restoration Plays. H. Bruce (Ed.). New York, NY: McGraw-Hill.

- Walking, A. R. (2001). Court Culture and 'Absolutism' in Restoration England. The Court Historian, 6(3), 225–233.
- Webster, J. W. (2005). Performing libertinism in Charles II's court: Politics, drama, sexuality. New York, NY: Palgrave Macmillan.
- Zimbardo, R. A. (1998). At zero point: Discourse, culture, and satire in Restoration England. Lexington, KY: University Press of Kentucky.